Worksheets

Mr. Alaa



in English

منهج الفصل الدراسي الثاني 2023-2024

Grade 12

ما ورد في الاختبارات السابقة

Past papers

Vocabulary, Grammar

لا تغنى عن الكتاب المدرسي

Modules 6-10

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	الصف:	الأسم:	

Worksheets Module 6 Module 6

Prepositions						
O excel in		يتفوق في	O replacewith		يستبدلب	
O result in	– يسفر عن	يؤدي إلى	O cope with	ope with		يجاري / يساير
O invest in		يستثمر في	O interact with			يتفاعل مع
O believe in	يعتقد في	يؤمن ڊ/	O combine sth w	ith	مج مع	يدمجمع / يند
O participate in		يشارك في				
O centre on = focus on= conc	entrate on	یرکز علی	O lead to		لى	يؤدي إلى / يقود إ
O depend on	ن	يعتمد عل	O refer to		مريض إلى أخصائي	يشير إلى / يحول ه
O comment on		يعلق على	O relate to			يرتبط بـ / يربط بـ
O congratulate sb on	.على	يهنئ	O contribute to			يساهم في
O insist on		يصر على				•
Vocabulary						
و لون) additives ≻	لعام (مكسبات طعم	إضافات للم	> fatty food		هنة)	أطعمة دسمة(مده
➤ calcium	ىيوم	عنصر الكالس	a balanced di	et	زنة	وجبة غذائية متوا
➤ fibre			> carbohydrate	!S	نشويات (خبز-بطاطا)	
➤ preservatives	ة (للأطعمة)	مواد حافظة	> nutrition			تغذية
Word Formation						
> trick (v) (n)	يخدع / خدعة		➤ trick <u>v</u> (adj)		صعب التعامل معه (للأشياء)- خادع	
> tempt (v)	يُغري		➤ tempt <u>ation</u> (n)		اغراء	
➤ nutrition(n)		تغذية	> nutrition <u>ist</u> (n)			أخصائي تغذية
➤ prevent (v)	Ç	يمنع / يقي	> prevention (n)			منع / وقاية
> prove (v)	ال على	یُثبت / ید	➤ pro <u>of</u> (n)			اثبات / دلیل
➤ consume (v) يستهلك	consum <u>ption</u>	(n)	استهلاك	>	consume <u>r</u> (n)	مُستهلِك
> strength (n)		قوة	> strength <u>en</u> (v)		يُقَوي	
➤ obese (adj)	مين	بدین / س	> obes <u>ity</u> (n)		البدانة / السمنة	
<u>Idioms</u>						
➤ give it (my) best shot				ھدي	،ي/ أبذل قصارى ج	أبذل قصاري جهد
➤ no sweat		الموضوع سهل وبسيط - بلا تعب				
> skate on thin ice		خاطر / يغامر يستهل / يبدأ / يقوم بالحركة الأولى لتحفيز الآخرين للبدء				
➤ get the ball rolling	يستهل / يبدأ / يقوم بالحركة الأولى لتحفيز الآخرين للبدء					
keep (your) head above v	يمشي حاله (خاصة في الظروف المادية الصعبة)				•	
➢ go the full distance	يصلَ إلى نهاية المطافُ / يستكمل شيء حتى آخره					
> show(her) the ropes		يُعَلم شخص ما طريقة القيام بعمل شيء ما				
➤ the ball is in (my) court		الكره في ملعبي (قد حان دوري للقيام بعمل شيء ما)				
> jump the guns		يتسرع في القيام بعمل أمر ما				
> saved by the bell					الوقت المناسب	ينجو من مأزق في
Fill in the gaps with idioms from the given list.						

no sweat – give it my best shot -	- get the ball rolling – skating on thin ice	
L. This case is going to be tough, but I promise I'll		·
2. 'Are you sure you can do it on time?' 'Yeah,		!'
3. You're	, showing up late for work every day.	

Worksheets

Choose:

1. Ever	yone should contribu	iteour co	untry's welfare.	
	A in	B on	C to	D with
2. A gre	eat deal of people pa	rticipated	the Sports Day activities.	
	A in	B on	C to	D with
3. He a	lways refers	his uncle when he sp	peaks about success stories.	
	A in	B on	C to	D with
4. You		nd you can depend		
	A in	Bon	C to	D with
5. Wha			our original plan.	
6 1	Ain		C to	D with
		nts the		B 111
	A in	B on	C to	D with
FIII IN L	he gaps with suitabl	e PREPOSITIONS.		
1. The	story is related	many things in t	he real world.	
2. Nooi	r excels c	hemistry more than an	y other subject.	
3. The	children depend	their paren	ts to finish their education.	
4. The	students will particip	ate the	writing competition soon.	
5. Eatir	ng too many sugary n	neals can lead	obesity and health pro	oblems.
6. He ir	nsisted	_ taking swimming clas	sses regularly.	
Choose	: :			
1. This r	meal is low in	There's no	bread, potatoes or pasta.	
	A nutrition	B additives	C preservatives	D carbohydrates
			essential for a long and healthy	
		B additives	C preservatives	
Corre			·	·
1. The	police has no (prove)		against h	im.
2. The	(consume)		of our natural resourc	ces can lead to disasters.
3. Eggs	are said to protect o	our eyes and (strength)		our immune system.
4. It ca	n be sometimes (tric	k)	to follow social medi	a.
5. Mod	ern age (tempt)		are really hard	I to resist.
6. (nuti	rition)		state that we should follo	ow a balanced diet.
7. The	(prevent)		of diseases is better th	nan curing them.
8. Your	ng people should org	anise their intake to be	e away of (obese)	



الأفعال الناقصة

القاعدة 1

Modal Verbs

1. He	to visit the doctor in case he feels very tired.					
Which of the following BEST fits the above gap?						
must	بعد الفراغ موجود to+ base verb					
ought	هذه قائمة بالأفعال الناقصة التي يأتي بعدها to+ base verb					
might	ought to / have to / has to / had to / will have to / don't need to / doesn't need to / doesn't have to / didn't have to					
should	to / didirt flood to / doll t flavo to / docsit t flavo to / didirt flavo to					
2. He	be at the meeting; he's on a business trip this week.					
Which of the fo	llowing BEST fits the above gap?					
☐ must	الاستنتاج / درجات اليقين Deduction / Certainty					
can't	must + base verb (= I'm sure this is true (التأكد من أن هذا الشيء صحيح في المضارع)					
ought	can't + base verb (= I'm sure this isn't true (التأكد من أن هذا الشيء غير صحيح في المضارع					
needn't	must have + V3 (التأكد من أن هذا الشيء صحيح في الماضي)					
	(التأكد من أن هذا الشيء غير صحيح في الماضي) can't have +V3					
Rewrite the follo	wing sentence using the words given.					
	that all employees arrive early to work daily. (have to)					
. ,						
2. It is not necessa	rry for you to book a ticket in advance. (needn't)					
You						
3. You are not allo	wed to drive your car at high speed. (mustn't)					
You						
	في الجمل المقالية نتبع الآتي:					
ل الناقص + الفاعل	ـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ					
في الماضي) + have + V3 (في الماضي) + have + V3						
had to / needed to + base verb ماعدا الضرورة في الماضي						



لازم نفرق بين المعدود وغير المعدود						
little, a little قلیل غیر معدود	lots of, a lot of, plenty of کثیر من معدود وغیر معدود					
few, a few قليل معدود	some 2 - بعض any 2					
many - کثیر عدد much	not any =للمعدود وغير المعدود no					

many see jee	mach saw yas	110 53555	argue y systems – not any				
O Choose the corr	ect answer.						
1. There is very	1. There is veryinformation about the marathon on the event's website.						
a. a little	b. few	c. a few	d. little				
2. James acquired	knowledge on diet an	d nutrition from tha	t course he took last summer.				
a. many	b. plenty of	c. lots	d. a lot				
3. I drank	coffee and now I'm no	ot feeling well.					
a. too many	b. very	c. plenty	d. too much				
4. Do you have	news from the doc	tor about your bloo	d test results yet?				
a. any	b. a little	c. many	d. some				
5. Ali was away on a f	ishing trip with his gran	dfather forda	ys during the holidays.				
a. a lot	b. lots	c. many	d. plenty of				
Rewrite: There is no sugar in the	his juice. (any)						
	2	متوقع بإذن الله 2024	11				
1. He	to check the email b	efore attending e	every meeting.				
Which of the follo	wing BEST fits the a	bove gap?					
has							
must							
could							
should							

2. She bring the ticket to the stadium. It is not necessary as it is already on her phone.
Which of the following BEST fits the above gap?
might should needn't mustn't
3. Itheavily last night. The streets are wet.
Which of the following BEST fits the above gap?
can rain might rain must have rained might have rained
4. Weat home, but we decided to eat outdoors.
Which of the following BEST fits the above gap?
mustn't have cooked could have cooked might have cooked can't have cooked Rewrite the following sentence using the words given.
1. You didn't train well for the final match, so the result was terribly awful.
(Give a piece of advice using : ought to)
It is prohibited to take pictures in this area because it is a military property. (Rewrite using the suitable MODAL VERB) You
3. Hamad had the chance to use the metro but he decided to take the bus instead. (Rewrite using : could)
4. I wouldn't play basketball without doing some warm-up exercises first. (Rewrite using : had better)
5. It's obligatory that all students come to school to sign the form. (have to)

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Choose:

1. I didn't havemoney on me, so I only bought a T-shirt. I'll buy the trainers next week.								
A. much B. any		C. many		any	D. no			
2. There is food in the	e. We don't ne	ed mo	ore.					
A. many	B. muc	h	C. any	у	D. a few			
3. You have to prepare for the	e worst	and able to co	ре	the challe	nges of life.			
A in	B on		C to		D with			
4. To be successful in your life	e, you s	hould believe _		your own abil	ities.			
A in	B on		C to		D with			
9	Mod	lule 7		الخلاصــة 7				
	MICC	idle /						
Collocations							· · (21) - :1) •	
break the law							يخالف القانون	
> commit a crime							يرتكب جريمة	
➤ take sb to court➤ find sb (guilty-innocent)				يقدم شخص للمحكمة يجد أن شخص ما (مذنب-بريء)				
> pay a fine				يبدان سخفل به (سخب بريء)				
> serve time in jail/ prison					/ lä:aall –	- ·.~ll		
> bring a criminal to justice					يقضى فترة عقوبة في (السجن – المعتقل) يقدم مجرم للعدالة			
Word Formation 1							يعدم سجرم سداد-	
الفعل Action		Crime		الجريمة	Criminal		المجرم	
> steal – stole – stolen	يسرق	theft		عملية السرقة	thief		اللص / السارق	
السلاح rob sb of sth ⊳				عملية السطو	robber		الساطي	
	يقتل عد			القتل العمد			القاتل المتعمد	
> vandalise (غالباً ممتلكات)				التخريب	vandal			
> بالقوة غالباً kidnap >	يختطف	kidnapping		عملية الاختطاف	kidnapper		المُخرِب المختطِف	
لفدية	لطلب اا							
لع أثناء التسوق shoplift ✓	يسرق س	shoplifting		سرقة السلع	shoplifter		لص السلع	
جهزة /يسرق معلومات hack ➤		hacking		سرقة معلومات	hacker		لص معلومات	
کان/ یسطو کان/ یسطو ن غالباً لیلاً break in / into	1	burglary		السطو ليلاً	burglar	نازل أو	المقتحم ليلاً (لص الم المحال ليلاً)	
Word Formation 2			<u> </u>				(" -	
➤ disappear (v)		(يختفى	> disappearance	<u>e</u> (n)		اختفاء	
> reason(with) (v)				reasoning (n)			تبرير / اقناع	
> investigate (v)				➢ investigation (n)		تحري / تحقيق	
> mystery (n)				> myster <u>ious</u> (ad			غامض	
> sympathy (n)				> sympath <u>etic</u> (a			متعاطف	
sympathize with								

	400					
Confused words						
يحل -غموض a puzzle -mystery -قضية -غموض -غموض -غموض -غموض -غموض - عضية -the issue -						
murder- case	e -crime -an equation معادلة)					
➤ <u>investigate</u> : (the ca	-فرضية hypothesis –سبب الـ ause of	– the possibilit	امكانية ty of			يحقق في
ی a person	ی ما the death of –یتحری عن شخص	حالة وفاة شخص	– an inciden	ıt-		
the impact	زاًثیر effect of /					
						1
	e – worker- citizen- person- man-	woman- child	_		ريب	عادي / ليس غ
	- eventحدث camera)					• •
	-question- machine -مهمة task -طا	music -solutio	-حل nn		ي فهمه	سهل وبسيط ف
میمdesign	plan- use) –شرح explanation -تص					أو القيام به
کنی clue: (hidden خفی s	ـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	-مضلا	معلومة	لحل (مجرد	للوصول ل	دليل أو مفتاح
	ی possible -مهماvital -أساسیessential)			متاحة لكنها لي
	no – enough- bring to lightشف عن		على وجود			دليل أو حقائق
	t يقدم)+ <u>evidence</u>	.	3.30		3.3	الشيء)
	<u>ı:</u> (money- food- a TV- watch-			الغير	کار) تخص	سرق (أشياء-أفَ
wallet- purse	ىفھوم car -idea- concept -كيس نقود					
> shoplift:		ثمنها		-		يسرق سلع من
> <u>rob</u> : a bank / rob sl	o of their money					يسطو على مكا
break -broke-broke	<u>en into</u> : (house- store- car- shop)			ىنف	سيارة بالع	يقتحم مكان /
▶ lie -lied – lying(to):	_				قول الكذر	یکذب علی – ی
> trick: (sb into doing		يـون ، عدب / يضحك عليه ويغفله			_	
	-customers- at cards- at chess-gai	<u>"</u>				
· · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
> <u>robber</u>	خاص بالسلاح ليسرق ما معهم)	<i>السلاح –</i> يهدد اس				
<u>hurglar:</u>	7.1.111	المتاحف غالباً في				لص – سارق (ب
➤ <u>burglar</u> :	انتين	المناحف عاتبا في	پات المبارل او	ا سرقه محتو	عصص في	نص منازن رمن
➤ <u>suspect(n)</u>						شخص مشتبه
(eye) witness			شاهد عیان (شخص رأی ما حدث بعینیه)			
<u>victim</u>			ادث)	نف-طمع-حا	-مرض-عن	ضحية (جريمة
prepositions				I		
turn (himself) <u>in</u>	يسلم (نفسه) – يعترف		d <u>out</u>			يكتشف / يعرف
➤ let sb <u>off</u>	يُطلق سراح/ يعفو عن					يوضح (سوء تف
➤ hold <u>up</u>	يسطو على (غالباً بالسلاح)			ن) (ن		يهرب من مكان
► lock <u>up</u>	يعتقل / يسجن					يخطف شيء و
➤ get <u>away</u> (from)	يهرب من شخص قبل الإمساك به	break <u>in/ir</u>	<u>nto</u>	قوة	سيارة بالف	يقتحم مكان أو
> escape from prison					•.	ده در عون السح

➤ escape <u>from</u> prison	يهرب من السجن
➤ arrest sb <u>for</u>	يقبض على شخص بتهمة
▶ blame sb <u>for</u> sth/ v-ing	يلوم شخص على
➤ blame sth <u>on</u> sb	يلقي بلومعلى فلان
➤ accuse sb of	يتهم شخص ب
➤ charge sb <u>with</u>	يتهم شخص ب
> sentence sb to (death-5years in prison)	یحکم علی شخص ب

Worksheets

Prepositional phrases (for & wi	thout)						
▶ <u>for</u> a change	على سبيل التغيير	> without permission	بدون إذن مسبق				
➢ <u>for</u> good	للأبد/ لا رجعة فيه / نهائي		بدون استثناء				
> for all I know	على قدر ما أعلم/ وفقاً لما أعرفه	> without sb's knowledge	بدون أن يخبر أحد				
➤ <u>for</u> nothing	بلا هدف / بدون مقابل	without warning	دون تحذير / دون سابق إنذار				
➤ <u>for</u> certain= for sure	بالتأكيد	> without fail	في جميع الأحوال / بكل تأكيد				
> <u>for</u> the best	للأفضل	> without trace	بدون أن يترك أثر				
➤ <u>for</u> the time being	في الوقت الراهن / حالياً	> without delay	بدون تأخير				
Which of the following BEST fits the above gap? vandals burglars murderers							
shoplifters 2. Jack couldn't stay alive after the crime, but luckily his were caught and sent to prison.							
Which of the following BE	ST fits the above gap?						
vandals burglars murderers							

3. You are not supposed to	in a test.	
Which of the following REST fits the ah	nve gan?	

rob

shoplifters

trick steal cheat		
1 A young lady was the	of the crime and was arrested on the snot	

Which of the following BEST fits the above gap? victim robber suspect witness

Fill in the gaps with words from the list below: (There is one extra word.)

improper / inedible / commit / wisdom

1. There is no clear evidence that he intended to ______ a crime.

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Fill in the gaps with words from the list below: (There is one extra word.)

	misleading / serving /	•		
1. After	time in jail for break	ing into the bank, the t	wo men were released.	
Fill in the gaps with suitab	le PREPOSITIONS .			
1. He was arrested	breaking the laws.			
2. The police charged the se	curity guard robb	ery.		
3. He blamed his friend	not coming to the	party.		
4. The murderer had escape	d the scene b	efore the police arrived	ı.	
5. That is the man who is ac	cused theft.			
6. He was arrested	selling the match ticke	ts illegally.		
7. The detective is determin	ed to find who c	ommitted the crime.		
8. 36. That report has to be finished by five o'clock todaydelay.				
9. He did a terrible thing. I tl	nink they locked him	and start investigatio	n.	
10. The bank robbers ran	with three bags full	of money.		
Complete the sentences v	with the correct form of the g	<u>siven words.</u>		
☐ The police are investigati	ng the girl's		(disappear).	
She's absolutely determine	ned to go and there's just no		(reason) with her.	
☐ The police have begun an	1	(investigate)	into his death.	
lue The bag disappeared in $_$		_ (mystery) circumstanc	ces.	
☐ My hoss is yeny		(sympathy) about my	situation	



1. If she (use)	my instructions, she wouldn't have missed her way.		
2. I think you (earn)	a lot of money if you were a football superstar.		
3. If he (spend)	_much time studying,	, he could pass the	final exam easily.
4. They couldn't have fulfilled their dream	ns if they (not plan) _		well.
Put the verbs in brackets in the CORRECT	form.		
1. If I (be) you	u, I would see a docto	or.	
2. If she left her house earlier, she (catch)			the train.
3. If she had left her house earlier, she (ca	tch)		the train.
4. If I hadn't been in Qatar in 2022, I (not/	attend)		the world cup matches.
Rewrite the following sentences using if	<u>f.</u>		
1. Ali didn't play well, so he didn't win the	last match.	(Use: if)	
2. Mona eats too much and she feels tired	l.	(Use: if)	

Worksheets Linius 2 is selicited to the selection of the

If only/ wish

Wish (1)		If only/ Wish	+ (V 2)	(إذا كانت جملة التمني في الحاضر)	
Wish (2)		If only/ Wish + (h	nad + V3)	إذا كانت جملة التمني في الماضي))
Wish (3)	If only/	Wish + (would / co	ould + مصدر)	تمني في المستقبل أو المضايقة)	(إذا كانت جملة الن
Choose:					
1. I wish he		my cloth	nes without my per	mission. That's annoying!	
A wouldn'	t take	B didn't take	C won't take	D hadn't taken	
2. If only Dalal _		waste	ed so much of her t	ime playing video games ye	sterday!
A doesn't		B hadn't	C won't	D wouldn't	
Rewrite:					
3. The custome	didn't give	e the driver a chanc	e to explain the sit	uation. (Rewrite usi	ng "if only")
Correct:					
4. I wish he (co	me)		early	to start the party now.	
5. If only they (arrive)		on ti	me. They never come early.	
6. If only they (arrive)	on time yesterday.			
7. I wish they (plan)	for the project tomorrow.			
		20	المتوقع بإذن الله 24		
L. While she w through her		_	g room, a	_ was upstairs, searchin	g
Which of the f	ollowing	BEST fits the abo	ve gap?		
kidnappo burglar robber	_		· .		

2. The	asked for 1 MS to return the boy back to his family.
Which	n of the following BEST fits the above gap?
	theft burglar shoplifter kidnapper
3. The	e shot a policeman before escaping from the bank.
Which	n of the following BEST fits the above gap?
	rubber burglar shoplifter kidnapper
4. He s	pent thousands on security cameras and alarms in his new department store to deter
Which	n of the following BEST fits the above gap?
	thieves murderers shoplifters kidnappers
1. Wh	ere if you had a large sum of money?
Which	n of the following BEST fits the above gap?
	can you go did you go will you go would you go
2. He	wouldn't have been punished if he to my advice.
Which	n of the following BEST fits the above gap?
	listens has listened had listened would have listened

Worksheets

C. '	Write the	verbs in	brackets i	in the	correct	CONDITIONAL	. FORM
------	-----------	----------	------------	--------	---------	-------------	--------

1. If Ali (follow)	the instructions, he wouldn't have missed the way.
2. I don't imagine you (drive)	if you didn't get the licence.
C. Write the verbs in brackets in the correct COI	NDITIONAL FORM.
1. If he (study)	hard yesterday , he wouldn't have failed.
2. I (save)	_a large sum of money if I were you.
C. Write the verbs in brackets in the correct COI	NDITIONAL FORM.
1. If I (know)	you needed help, I would have helped.
2. She would travel to Turkey if she (have)	enough money.
3. She would have travelled to Turkey if she (h	ave)enough money.
➤ Correct the verbs in brackets using wish or If	<u>only</u>
1. I wish I (travel)	to the U.S soon.
2. If only they (travel)	to London last year.
Module 8	الخلاصــة 8

Phrasal verbs & prepositions

Fill asal verbs & prepositions	
➤ go through (a report – a summary)	يتفحص بعناية / يقرأ جيداً
➤ go ahead with=start	يشرع في القيام بعمل شيء بعد أن يأذن له شخص ما
➤ go on with = continue	يواصل / يستمر في عمل شيء ما
➤ go along with = support; agree	یساند/ یتماشی مع/ یتوافق مع شیء ما
➤ go off (food-drink)	يفسد/ يصبح غير صالح للأكل أو الشرب
	-
> play a trick on sb	يخدع (يجعل شخص يصدق شيء غير حقيقي)
> play a prank on sb	يخدع (يعمل مفاجأة أو مقلب عملياً لشخص ما)/ ممكن مقلب مرعب
▶ play a joke on sb	يقوم بعمل شيء أو قول شيء لجعل الناس يضحكون
➤ trick sb into (doing sth)	يخدع شخص ويجعله يقوم بعمل شيء ما
➤ fool sb into (doing sth)	يستغل شخص ويجعله يقوم بعمل شيء ما
deceive sb into (doing sth)	يخدع شخص ويجعله يقوم بعمل شيء ما
➤ mislead sb into (doing sth)	يضلل شخص ويجعله يقوم بعمل شيء ما
> trick/ cheat sb out of (their money)	ينصب على شخص ويأخذ ماله
➤ rip sb off	يسرقه/ يسلبه (يأخذ منه سعر فاحش في مقابل شيء ما)
➤ be (fooled-tricked-deceived) by sb	يُخدع بواسطة/ يتنصب عليه (مبني للمجهول)
➤ fall victim to (greed-robbery-murder-theft)	يقع ضِحية ل
➤ attract sb into a place	يجذب شخص ما لمكان ما

Word	Opposite	Meaning
• official	≻ <u>un</u> official	غیر رسمی
● known	≥ <u>un</u> known	غیر رسمی غیر معروف
available	≥ <u>un</u> available	غیر متاح / غیر متوفر غیر معتاد
■ usual	≻ <u>un</u> usual	غير معتاد
forgettable	<u>un</u> forgettable	لا يمكن نسيانه
expected	≻ <u>un</u> expected	غير متوقع غير متأثر بـ
● affected	<u>un</u> affected	
■ suitable	<u>un</u> suitable	غير مناسب
• edible	≻ <u>in</u> edible	غير صالح للأكل غير كافٍ
■ adequate	<u>in</u> adequate	غير کافٍ
• inaccurate	≻ <u>in</u> accurate	غير دقيق
● legible	≻ <u>i</u> llegible	غير مفهوم / غير واضح
● logical	≻ <u>i</u> llogical	غير مفهوم / غير واضح غير منطقي
• responsible	<u>ir</u> responsible	مستهتر
• relevant	<u>ir</u> relevant	لیس له صله د / غیر مناسب
● rational	<u>ir</u> rational	غير عقلاني
• possible	≥ <u>im</u> possible	مستحیل غیر ملائم / غیر مناسب
• proper	≻ <u>im</u> proper	غير ملائم / غير مناسب
practical	≻ <u>im</u> practical	غير عملي
• appear	≻ <u>dis</u> appear	يختفى
● enable	≻ <u>dis</u> able	يعيق ۗ , يوقف عمل شيء
● courage	<u>dis</u> courage	یمنع من / یثبط
● connected	<u>dis</u> connected	يمنع من / يثبط غير متصل
● able	<u>dis</u> abled	مُعطّل / معاق
approve	<u>dis</u> approve	لا يحبذ / لا يستحسن / لا يقبل ب
● lead	➢ <u>mis</u> lead	يضلل
● lead	<u>mis</u> leading	مُضَلِل
manage	➤ mis manage	یدیر بشکل خطأ یحسب بشکل خطأ یفسر بشکل خطأ
● calculate	<u>mis</u> calculate	يحسب بشكل خطأ
● interpret	<u>mis</u> interpret	يفسر بشكل خطأ
● informed	<u>mis</u> informed	تم اخباره بشكل خطأ
● informed	<u>un</u> informed	لم يتم إخباره من الأساس
● cooked	≻ <u>under</u> cooked	غیر ناضج بشکل کامل
● cooked	≥ <u>un</u> cooked	غير مطهو من الأساس
● funded	≻ <u>under</u> funded	ليس له تمويل کافٍ
developed	<u>under</u> developed	غير متقدم بشكل كافٍ
• ability	≻ <u>in</u> ability	عدم القدرة على القيام بشيء ما لسبب ما
• ability	≥ <u>dis</u> ability	الإعاقة الجسدية
● able	≻ <u>un</u> able	غير قادر على القيام بشيء ما لسبب ما
● enable	≻ <u>dis</u> able	يوقف / يعطل (برنامج) مثلاً عن العمل
● like (verb)	≻ <u>dis</u> like	لا يحب

● like (preposition)	≻ <u>un</u> like	على عكس / مخالف ل
● end	➤ end <u>less</u>	لا نهاية له
• flaw	> flaw <u>less</u>	متقن / خالي من العيوب
● count	➤ count <u>less</u>	لا يعد ولا يحصي
● speech	> speech <u>less</u>	فاقد النطق / لا ينطق
• defence	➤ defence <u>less</u>	لا يستطيع الدفاع عن نفسه / لا حيلة له
• point	> point <u>less</u>	بلا فائدة / ليس له هدف
● time	≻ time <u>less</u>	ليس له توقيت / غير محدود بوقت

	■ time	r time <u>iess</u>	ت اغير محدود بوقت		
1. F	ood goes	quickly if it isn't process	sed properly.		
Whi	Which of the following BEST fits the above gap?				
		sresponsible. He didn'	t do anything to stop the fight.		
	un-				
H	in-				
ಠ	ir-				
	im-				
3. U	infortunately, most o	f the applications were:	<u>-available</u> on the website.		
	in- un- dis- mis-	PREFIXES is added to the und			
<u>Fill i</u>	n the gaps with words f	om the list below: (There is one	extra word.)		
		improper / inedible / com	mit / wisdom		
1. Th	ne	care and unbalanced diet ca	n lead to health problems.		
<u>Fill i</u>	n the gaps with suitable	prepositions.			
1. Yo	1. You can go with your tasks until your cousins arrive.				
Fill in the gaps with affixes from the list below: (There are 2 extra affixes).					
1. Th	ne supervisor was fired a	mis / dis /less	· ·		

Worksheets

Fill in the gaps with affixes from the list below: (There are 2 extra affixes).

	dis/	under /less / h	nood	
1. I was speech w	hen I won the firs	t prize.		_
2. The organisation is	funded beca	nuse it is not receiving e	enough mo	ney from donators.
، الوصل	عبارات	القاعدة	Rela	ntive Clauses
+ who / that +	ر who/that) فعل	محل نفس الفاعل العاقل المكر	(يحل	
who / that / wl عاقل) فعل + فاعل + hom +	who/ that/ whom عاقل	حل المفعول الـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	(تحل م
+ which / t	 hat + لعف (which/	حل الفاعل الغير عاقل that	رتحل م	
which / the غير عاقل	wh) فعل + فاعل + wh	ول الغير عاقل nich / that	حل محل المفع	a)
u + عاقل/ غير عاقل		عل + باقي الجملة + فعل -	للملكية ف	(his- her- their- its – اسم)
ال + where + مكان	فعل + فاء			
when + توقیت/ زمن	فعل + فاعل +			
When =	in/on which	w	here = in/ a	at which
Choose:				
1. The old shopping sou	ıq is	you can find man	y attracti	ve souvenirs.
Which of the following	BEST fits the al	bove gap?		
what				
which				
where				
whose				
2. I wonder	car this is! it r	nas been here for a	iong time	2.
Which of the following	BEST fits the al	bove gap?		
who				
which				
where				
whose				

Μv

	المتوقع بإذن الله 2024			
1. Please, gothis sheet and find if there are any mistakes.				
Which of the following BEST fits the above gap?				
off ahead through along with				
2. A: "Could I ask you a rather personal question?" B: "Sure, go	"			
Which of the following BEST fits the above gap?				
off ahead through along with				
3. Ali's already agreed, but it's going to be harder persuading Hamad to go	it.			
Which of the following BEST fits the above gap?				
off ahead through along with				
1. The old lady lost her bag is my neighbour.				
Which of the following BEST fits the above gap?				
who when which where				
2. That is the restaurant about I told you.				
Which of the following BEST fits the above gap?	•			
who when which				

Worksheets

5. The boy I was looking at is my granuson.		granuson.	
Which of the following BEST fi	ts the above gap?		
which when whom			
Join the following sentences using	the given RELATIVE PRON	OUN.	
1. Hamad doesn't eat fish. His fathe	r is a fisherman.	(whose)	
2. Burak restaurant is in Doha. I usus	ally eat in it.	(in which)	

Module 9

الخلاصــة و

Collocations	Meaning	Collocations	Meaning
> soil erosion	تآكل التربة	climate change	التغير المناخي
➤ oil spill	تسرب النفط	> acid rain	مطر حامضي
> species extinction	انقراض الأصناف	water shortage	نقص المياه
➢ illegal logging	قطع الأشجار الغير قانوني	> toxic waste	نفایات سامة
> carbon footprint	البصمة الكربونية	> ozone hole	ثقب الأوزون

2 J.J	. / 0_0	-5555	
Word Formation			
➤ environment(n)		البيئة	
➤ environment <u>alist(</u> n)		عالم بشؤون البيئة	
> environment <u>al</u> (adj) (problem)		بيئي	
> conserve(v)		يحافظ على (البيئة ومواردها)	
> conservation(n)	ردها)	عملية الحفاظ على (البيئة وموا	
> conservationist(n)	البيئة ومواردها	الشخص المنادي بالحفاظ على	
<pre>protect(v) (from)</pre>		يحمي من / يقي	
protection(n)		الحماية/ الوقاية	
> protect <u>or</u> (n)		حامي/مدافع عن/ مناصر ل	
protect <u>ive(adj)</u> (shield)(measures)	ئية)	وقائي (أشياء واقية-إجراءات وقا	
protect <u>ed(adj)</u>		محمي (يوجد من أو ما يحميه)	
<pre>prevent(v)</pre>		يمنع/ يعوق/ يقي	
> prevention(n)		منع/حماية/وقاية	
> preventive(adj) (measures-steps)			
→ preventable(adj) (disease)	أو منعه	ممكن الوقاية منه/ممكن إيقافه	
➤ pollute(v)		يلوث	
> pollution(n)		التلوث	
→ pollutant(n)		المادة الملوثة	
➤ polluted(adj)	ث(متأثر بالتلوث)		
> polluting(adj)		مُلوث (مسبب التلوث)	

Worksheets

➤ harm(v)	يضر/يؤذي
➤ harm(n)	الضرر/ الأُذي
➤ harm <u>ful(adj)</u>	ضار/مؤذي
➤ harm <u>less</u>	لا يسبب أُذى/ ليس منه أذى
➤ destroy(v)	يدمر
➤ destr <u>uction(n)</u>	دمار/تدمير
➤ destroy <u>er(</u> n)	شخص مدمِر
➤ destroy <u>ed(adj)</u>	مُدمَر (تم تدميره)
➤ destructive (adj) (weapons)	مُدمِر (مسبب للدمار)
► <u>en</u> danger(v)	يعرضللخطر
➤ danger(n)	الخطر
➤ danger <u>ous</u> (adj) (foul)	خطير
➤ endanger <u>ed</u> (adj) (species)	مُعرَض للخطر (الانقراض مثلاً)
➤ threat <u>en(</u> v)	يهدد
➤ threat(n)	تهديد/ مصدر للتهديد
➤ threat <u>ened</u> (adj)	مُهدَد (واقع تحت التهديد)
➤ threatening(adj)	مُهدٍد / مُنذِر / منبِه للخطر
Phrases with earth	
O where on earth	أين بحق السماء (تعبير يدل على الدهشة)
O bring sb down to earth with a bump	يفوقه/يرجعه (يعيده إلى أرض الواقع المؤلم)
O like nothing on earth	ليس له مثيل على الأرض
O go to the ends of the earth	يبذل أقص ما في وسعه لتحقيق شيء ما
O disappear off the face of the earth	يختفي تماماً/ يختفي من على وجه الأرض
O down to earth	إنسان بسيط/ لا يتظاهر
O from the four corners of the earth	من كل الدنيا / القاصي والداني
	v

Vocabulary

Word			Meaning	
پر بشکل مفاجئ وغیر متوقع downpour				
➤ frost	فر)	رة أقل من الص	صقيع (طبقة رفيعة من الثلج تتكون على الأشياء في الأماكن المفتوحة عندما تكون درجة الحرار	
➤ blizzard		اصفة ثلجية	ع	
➤ mist		الماء مباشرة	ضباب (يتكون في الهواء فوق الأرض أو ا	
➤ heatwave		نستمر لفترة)	موجة حارة (حرارة مرتفعة ن	
➤ showers		لفترة قصيرة)	رخات المطر (مطر خفيف يتساقط ا	
➤ humid		رطوبة عالية	رَطِب / به	
➤ thunderstorm	n	ہا رعد وبرق)	عاصفة رعدية (فيه	
➤ hail		، شکل مطر)	بَرَد (قطع ثلج صغيرة تتساقط علم	
➤ overcast		حب / كئيب	مُعتِم (غير واضح الرؤية بسبب السـ	
Confused word		rd	Meaning	
➤ <u>attempt</u> : (fir	أولى -ثانية-أخيرة) لعمل شيء ما عادة ما يكون صعب وغالباً ما تفشل هذه المحاولة 📗 <u>attempt: (first-second-last) 🔾</u>		محاولة (أولى -ثانية-أخيرة) لعمل شيء ما عادة ما يكون صعب وغالباً ما تفشل هذه المحاولة	
➤ <u>effort</u> : (make-into-to)		o-to)	مجهود جسدي أو عقلي مطلوب لإنجاز شيء ما	
> <u>trial</u> : (product-person-plan)		rson-plan)	تجربة- اختبار (عملية اختبار مُنتَج ما أو خطة ما أو شخص ما خاصة قبل اتخاذ القرار	
			النهائي بخصوصه)- محاكمة	
➤ <u>experiment</u> : (idea-activity)		-activity)	تجربة معملية لها أثر أو ينتج عنها تغيير	

Му

	Confused word	Meaning			
	➤ <u>result</u> : (of)	لتيجة (شيء يحدث بسبب أو نتيجة لشيء آخر)			
	→ <u>effect</u> : (of/ on)	نأثير (تغير يحدث لشخص ما أو لشيء ما بسبب شخص آخر أو شيء آ			
	> <u>consequence</u> : (bad-worse-serious)	عاقبة أو عواقب (نتيجة أو تأثير شيء ما حدث أو سيحدث)			
	له تفكير أو سلوك الغير <u>influence</u> : (good-great) <u>influence</u> : (good-great)	تأثير/ نفوذ (التأثير الذي يُحدِثه أو يمتلكه شخص ما أو شيء على طريق			
1. (One way to prevent soil is by pla				
Wh	ich of the following BEST fits the above gap?				
	hole				
	logging				
Н	erosion				
	footprint				
2. T	he students planned to meet a	to discuss the effects of toxic waste on			
t	ne environment.				
Wh	ich of the following BEST fits the above gap?				
	conserve				
	conserved				
	conservation				
	conservationist				
3. I	legal has a negative impact on t	the environment and people.			
Wh	ich of the following BEST fits the above gap?				
	hole				
	logging				
	erosion				
	footprint				
4. (-	imals from extinction.			
	ich of the following BEST fits the above gap?				
H	danger				
\vdash	dangerous				
	endangered				
	endangering Vater pollution caused effects or	a marino lifo			
		i maime me.			
wh	Which of the following BEST fits the above gap?				
	harmful				
Щ	destroyed				
	protective				
	endangered				

6. Climate change is the main reason behind the of rain forests.				
Which of the following BEST fits the above gap?				
danger protection destruction environment				
Fill in the gaps with words from the list below: (There is one extra word.)				
misleading / serving / carbon / leadership				
1. There are several ways to reduce footprint.				
Fill in the gaps with words from the list below: (There is one extra word.)				
spill / preventive / erosion / shortage / climate				
1. More and more trees are planted to stop soil				
2. Air pollution is the main cause of the change.				
3. Some measures must be taken to stop water pollution.				
4. The accident of the oil tankers resulted in huge oil				
Fill in the gaps with words from the list below: (There is one extra word.)				
rain / polluted / endangered/ position / threatens				
A. The extinction of some species the diversity of living creatures on earth.				
B. The acid destroys vegetation because it contains chemicals.				
C. The polar bear is a good example of animals that live in the cold areas.				
D. Many rivers are by factories wastes.				

Worksheets القاعدة المبني للمجهول

Passive Voice

أز منة بسيطة

am

is

are + V3

was

were

أزمنة مستمرة

am

is

are + being + V3

was

were

أزمنة تامة

have

has + been +V3

had

أزمنة مستقبلية وأفعال ناقصة

will

must

should + be + V3

may

be going to

الأفعال الناقصة (ماضي)

must have

would have

should have + been +V3

will have

might have

◘ هناك أفعال يتبعها مفعولين: مفعول مباشر (الشيء) ومفعول غير مباشر (الشخص)

• عند التحويل للمبنى للمجهول: لو بدأنا بالشيء نستخدم حرف جر to ولو بدأنا بالشخص لا نستخدم حرف جر

- > The teacher sent Omar a thank you card.
- A thank you card was sent to Omar.

+ فاعل

• Omar was sent a thank you card.

• خاص بأفعال الحواس والإدراك

see - hear - watch

smell-feel - notice

+ مفعول +

مصدر مجرد بدون To

Verb-ing

We saw a red car crash into a tree.

> She heard the baby crying earlier.

V. To Be + مفعول

seen - heard - watched

smelt-felt - noticed

أصل الفعل+To

Verb-ing

• A red car was seen to crash into a tree.

• The baby was heard crying earlier.

Му

Worksheets

🔼 خاص بالفعل make (يجبر شخص على عمل شيء ما) مصدر مجرد بدون to+ مفعول + V. to make +فاعل > The teacher made us tidy the classroom. (أُجبر على عمل شيء ما) مصدر +V. to be+ made + to + مفعول • We were made to tidy the classroom. (by the teacher) ********* (يسمح لشخص ما بعمل شيء ما) مصدر مجرد بدون to + مفعول + V. to let + فاعل > My parents didn't let me stay up late when I was young. (يُسمح له بعمل شيء ما) مصدر +V. to be+ allowed + to +مفعول • I wasn't allowed to stay up late when I was young. (by my parents) infinitive passive (to + مصدر المضارع (مصدر المضارع) مصدر+V. to need+ to + فاعل مفعول مصدر+V. to tend + to ➤ We **need to buy a tent** before the camping trip. V. to expect + to+ be V. to need+ to+ be مفعول V3 V. to want + to+ be V. to hope + to+ be • A tent needs to be bought before the camping trip. (by us) ********* مفعول أول + V. to expect مفعول أول +V. to need + فاعل مفعول أول + V. to want مفعول ثان مصدر +To مفعول أول + V. to hope My mother wants me to clean the room. مفعول ثان + V. to expect مفعول ثان +V. to need + فاعل To be + V3 مفعول ثان + V. to want مفعول ثان + V. to hope

• My mother wants the room to be cleaned. (by me)

Worksheets

• خاص بصيغة الـ (verb-ing) عندما يكون الفاعل والمفعول الثاني نفس الشخص

hate-like-love + فاعل prefer-dislike-mind

+ مفعول أول

Verb-ing+

مفعول ثان من الفاعل

> Ahmed hates people shouting at him.

hate-like-love + فاعل prefer-dislike-mind

+ being + V3

• Ahmed hates being shouted at. (by people)

○ خاص بالأفعال التالية:

know – believe – think – say – suppose – report – claim – allege يزعم – expect - hope

- > The police believe that the killer is dead.
- > Reporters say that the famous player will retire soon.
- > I think the last exam was easy.

هناك طريقتان للتحويل: <u>impersonal passive</u>

(الطريقة الأولى الأسهل) باقي الجملة كما هي + It + V. To be + believed that

- It is believed that the killer is dead.
- It is said that the famous player will retire soon.
- It is thought that the last exam was easy.

(لو الجملة الثانية فعلها مضرع بسيط أو مستقبل بسيط أو فعل ناقص مضرع) أصل الفعل + V.to be+ believed + to + الفاعل الثاني

- The killer is believed to be dead. (is بسيط بضارع بسيط فعلها الأصلى مضارع بسيط)
- O The famous player is reported <u>to retire soon</u>. (will retire الجملة الثانية فعلها الأصلي مستقبل بسيط)

(لو الجملة الثانية ماضي أو مضرع تام أو فعل ناقص تام) V.to be+ believed + to + have+V3 + الفاعل الثاني

O The last exam is thought <u>to have been easy</u>. (wasيملة الثانية فعلها الأصلي ماضي)

Worksheets

◘ من الممكن أن يكون التحويل مزدوج إذا كان هناك مفعول في الجملة الثانية:

مفعول +فعل + فاعل ثان + (that) + فاعل أول

- They say that the local factory dumped toxic waste into the lake.
- It is said that the local factory dumped toxic waste into the lake. (Impersonal passive)
- The local factory is said to have dumped toxic waste into the lake. (Personal passive)

It + V. To be + believed that + المفعول + V. To be+ V3

O It is said that toxic waste was dumped into the lake. (dumped بسيط dumped)

(لو الجملة الثانية فعلها مضرع بسيط أو مستقبل بسيط أو فعل ناقص مضرع) V.to be+ believed + to + be+V3 + المفعول

(لو الجملة الثانية ماضي أو مضرع تام أو فعل ناقص تام) V.to be+ believed + to + have been+V3 + المفعول

- O <u>Toxic waste</u> is said <u>to have been dumped</u> into the lake. (dumped فعل الجملة الثانية ماضي بسيط)
 - ◘ خاص بضمائر الوصل (who-which-that-whom) التي تحل محل المفعول العاقل أو غير العاقل
- The cake **which** my sister made was delicious.

V. To Be + V3 + ضمير الوصل

O The cake <u>which was made</u> by my sister was delicious. (التي صُنِعَت بواسطة أختى)

V3

◘ أو يتم التخلص من (V. To Be+ ضمير الوصل) ويبقى فقط (V3) ويقوم بدور اسم مفعول

🔾 لها حلين

• The cake <u>made</u> by my sister was delicious. (هنا معناها <u>المصنوعة</u> -اسم مفعول)

Write the verbs in brackets in the PASSIVE VOICE.

- 1. The weather (predict) ______ by the forecaster every day.
- 2. Some urgent messages (write) to the staff **right now**.
- 3. The trees (water) ______ when we reached the garden last night.
- 4. New roads and bridges (construct) ______ in the coming two years.

Rewrite:

1. People know that smoking may lead to death.

It ______

2. I think that Hazem is genius.

Hazem _____

Му

1. To reduce your carbon, you should walk to work instead of driving your car.
Which of the following BEST fits the above gap?
footprint erosion change waste
2. Many countries in Africa are suffering from water
Which of the following BEST fits the above gap?
spill shortage change acid
3. You won't believe the amount of waste that is dumped into the river every year.
Which of the following BEST fits the above gap?
acid toxic climate shortage
4. Recent statistics believe that the ozone over the Antarctic is dangerous.
Which of the following BEST fits the above gap?
hole rain spill waste 5. Some argue for a return to a pre-industrial society.
Which of the following BEST fits the above gap?
environment environmental environmentally environmentalists

6. The	e severe wind I	eft nothing exce	pt	houses.		
Whic	h of the follow	ing BEST fits the	above gap?		-	
	destroy destroyed destructive destruction					
7. Thi	s is a	area where	e animals can li	ve safely.		
Whic	h of the follow	ing BEST fits the	above gap?		l.	
	protect protected protective protection					
8	i	s a substance lik	e gases and ch	emicals that _l	pollutes the envir	onment.
Whic	h of the follow	ing BEST fits the	above gap?			
	Pollution Polluting Pollutant Polluted					
9. Thi	is group of che	micals is known t	o be	to peop	ole with asthma.]
Whic	h of the follow	ing BEST fits the	above gap?			_
	harm harming harmful harmless					
1. Thi	s house is said		in the 19th cen	tury.		
Whic	h of the follow	ing BEST fits the	above gap?			
	was built to be built being built to have been	built				

Му

zto be one of the best enviro	illiental scientists of our time.
Which of the following BEST fits the above g	ap?
He believes	
It is believed	
He is believed	
They are to believe	
3. By the end of the year, a new sports centre	ein our town.
Which of the following BEST fits the above g	ap?
will build	
will have built	
will be building	
will have been built	
Write the verbs in brackets in the PASSIVE VOICE.	
1. The results (examine)	by the physician at the moment
2. Some important emails (send)	to the staff tomorrow .
Write the verbs in brackets in the PASSIVE VOICE.	
1. English (speak)	by millions all over the world.
2. The patient (give)	a chance to practice walking next week .
Write the verbs in brackets in the PASSIVE VOICE.	
1. The flat (decorate)	by the worker right now .
2. The house work (do)	by mom already .
3. A white car (see)	to exceed the speed limit.
4. I (make)to t	idy my room yesterday .
Rewrite:	
1. We need to buy a DVD player before travelling.	(Change into passive form)
A DVD player	
2. People believe that she plays tennis well.	
Cha	

Wodule 10 Module 10

Come to run	Phrases with come				
كردسو to mind بينادر إلى الذهني الدهني الحرور الي الدهني الأمر الواقع (السيء غالباً) كرسو بالأمر الواقع (السيء غالباً) كرسو بالأمر الواقع (السيء غالباً) كرسو بالأمر الواقع (السيء غالباً) كرسو الأمراد الواقع (المرتبة الأولي اله الأولية المغمول/ يتم تفعيله كرسو المغمول/ يتم تفعيل كرسو المغمول/ المغمول المغمول/ المغمول/ المغمول/ المغمول/ المغمول ا					
حدود الدولة والسيء غالبار الواقع (السيء غالبار)				سادر إلى الذهن	
كرد come to light = to be known (evidence-proof-facts) المولاة كرا الرودة كرا كرا الكرا الرودة كرا كرا الكرا الرودة كرا كرا الكرا الكرا الكرا كرا كرا كرا الكرا الكرا كرا كرا كرا كرا كرا كرا كرا كرا كرا	> come to terms with			ي: ويل الله الله الله الله الله عالماً الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ال	
Come in handy=to be useful المعلول المعل	> come to light =to be known (evid	ence-proof-facts)		ىتم الاعلان عنه – ينكشف	
Come into effect بيسبح نافعا أو مفيدا كوسم سازي المفول إيتم تقعيدا ومفيدا كوسم سازي المفقول إيتم تقعيدا ويقيع برات من المفقول إيتم المفاول كوسم سازي المنائل كوسم سازي المنائل والميوب كوسم سازي المنائل والميوب كوسم سازي المنائل والميوب المنائل والميوب المنائل والميوب كوسم سازي المنائل والميوب المنائل و	> come of age				
Come into effect بيسبح نافعا أو مفيدا كوسم سازي المفول إيتم تقعيدا ومفيدا كوسم سازي المفقول إيتم تقعيدا ويقيع برات من المفقول إيتم المفاول كوسم سازي المنائل كوسم سازي المنائل والميوب كوسم سازي المنائل والميوب كوسم سازي المنائل والميوب المنائل والميوب المنائل والميوب كوسم سازي المنائل والميوب المنائل و	> come first			يأتي في المرتبة الأولى/ له الأولوية	
Come into effect المفعول المعادل العنال المفعول المعادل العنال الع	> come in handy=to be useful				
اً come naturally العدائي المنال العدائية النهائي العدائية النهائي العدائية النهائي (word formation Derivative Word Formation Derivative Meaning Item Item Item Item > free > freedom Item Item bore boredom lead bore > parenthood lead bore > child child bore > child child bore > ball child bore > ball child bore > ball child bore > bale child bore	> come into effect				
Word Formation Derivative Meaning	> come naturally				
> free > freedom > wise > wisdom > bore > boredom - cyclic like [10] [10] [10] [10] [10] [10] [10] [10]	> come to an end=finish		· ·		
الملل	Word Formation	Deriva	ative	Meaning	
الملل	> free	➤ free dom		الحربة	
الملل				ر الحكمة	
ال الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ا					
ا neighbour ا neighbour hood قرال المنطقة المجاورة ا child ا child ا child back > child back	➤ parent				
> child > childhood قالطفولة > adult > adulthood قضوية > member > membership adeega - adeega > leadership salaba champion > championship adeaga champion > champion > champion champion > champion champion champion champion champion champion champion champion champion champion<	•				
Adult Adult delayer Adult adult Peder ship Adult Adult Adult Adult Adult Adult Adult Adult Adult Adult Adult Adult Adult Adult Adult Adult				محلة الطفولة	
اeader اeadership 5alil البطولة Integration Adjant العطولة Adjant Adjant ا relation > relationship Adjant American > hard > friendship Adjant > friend > friendship Adjant > reader > readership Adjant > hand > in handy Meaning > here and there (Adjant) Adjant > here and quiet (Meaning Adjant > posa and cons Adjant Adjant > again and again Adjant Adjant > trial and error Adjant Adjant > live and learn Ithe and tidy Adjant > loud and clear Adjant Adjant > short and sweet Adjant Adjant > bits and pieces Meaning > rain or death Adjant Adjant > rain for death Adjant Adjant > sooner or later Alatrican Adjant	➤ adult			مرحلة الرشد أو البلوغ	
اeader اeadership 5alil البطولة Image: Perfect of Ampion Alter of Ampi				عضوىة	
البطولة > champion البطولة العقوة العقوة العقوة ا relation > relationship القراء ا priend > friend > friendship القراء ا reader > readership > reader > reader ا hand > in handy Meaning ا word Pairs Meaning (المقصود: في كل مكان) ا hare and there (المقصود: في كل مكان ا peace and quiet ((المقصود: في كل مكان ا pros and cons (المعروث المعروث المع	➤ leader			القيادة	
ا relation relationship ا reserved ا hard > hardship ا maker ا friend > friendship ا maker ا reader > readership readership hand > in handy Meaning word Pairs Meaning here and there () word Pairs Meaning here and there () word Pairs () word Pairs pros and cons () word Pairs () word Pairs pros and gagin () word Pairs () word Pairs () word Pairs pros and learn () word Pairs () word Pair () word Pair <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
➢ hard ➢ hardship صعوبة ➢ friend ➢ friendship صداقة ➢ reader ➢ readership lbid; ➢ hand ➢ in handy Meaning ☑ word Pairs Meaning ➢ here and there Meaning ☑ word Pairs Meaning ➢ here and there Meaning ☑ here and quiet (lukace ilikace) ☑ here and cons (lukace) ☑ hard again and again (a) ☑ hive and error (a) ☑ live and learn (a) ☑ head and tidy Ineat and tidy ☑ houd and clear (a) ☑ houd and clear (b) ☑ hits and pieces (a) ☑ houd and bit: (b) ☑ houd and bit: (a) ☑ houd and lear (a) ☑ houd and lear (a) ☑ houd lear (a) ☑ houd lear (b) ☑ houd lear (a) ☑ houd lear (a) ☑ houd lear (a)	·				
→ friend → friendship → reader → reader → readership → readership → hand → in handy Word Pairs Meaning → here and there () () () () () () () () () () () () () (
✓ reader ➤ readership القراء ♦ hand ➤ in handy Word Pairs Meaning ♦ here and there (المقصود: في كل مكان) ♦ peace and quiet (السلام والهدوء النفسى) ♦ pros and cons (اكثر من مرة) ♦ again and again (() (2) () () () () () () () () () () () () ()					
Word Pairs Meaning	➤ reader			(عدد من) القراء	
Word Pairs Meaning	➤ hand			ر يصبح مفيداً	
ا here and there المقصود: في كل مكان) الهدوء والسكينة (السلام والهدوء النفسى) الهدوء والسكينة (السلام والهدوء النفسى) الموايا والعيوب again and again المحاولة والخطأ مراراً وتكراراً (أكثر من مرة) اtrial and error السحاولة والخطأ اlive and learn اللي يعيش أكثر يتعلم أكثر (اللي يعيش يا ما يشوف) ا neat and tidy neat and tidy ا houd and clear المختصر وموريح) المختصر المفيد (بشكل وضوح وسريح) short and sweet الفتات – القطع والأشياء البسيطة الصغيرة Word Pairs الفتات – القطع والأشياء البسيطة الصغيرة Meaning ا rain or shine (همما كانت الظروف (في جميع الأحوال) ا و مسألة) حياة أو موت – خطير أو مهم جداً العاجلاً أو آجلاً – الآن أو فيما بعد ان عاجلاً أو آجلاً – الآن أو فيما بعد المعارفة والسحة المعارفة والميما بعد	Word Pairs				
▶ peace and quiet (الهدوء والسكينة (السلام والهدوء النفسى) ▶ pros and cons المخاوب المزايا والعيوب مراراً وتكراراً (أكثر من مرة) > again and again (مراراً وتكراراً (أكثر من مرة) > trial and error المحاولة والخطأ ا live and learn (اللي يعيش أكثر يتعلم أكثر (اللي يعيش يا ما يشوف) > neat and tidy المعاودة وصريح) > loud and clear (بشكل واضح وصريح) > short and sweet (بشكل مختصر ومفيد) الفتات – القطع والأشياء البسيطة الصغيرة Word Pairs > rain or shine (همما كانت الظروف (في جميع الأحوال) > life or death (مسألة) حياة أو آجلاً – الآن أو قيما بعد * sooner or later ** sooner or later					
▶ pros and cons المزايا والعيوب ৹ again and again مراراً وتكراراً (أكثر من مرة) ৹ And again المحاولة والخطأ المحاولة والخطأ المحاولة والخطأ اللي يعيش أكثر يتعلم أكثر (اللي يعيش يا ما يشوف) المونوب (اللي يعيش يا ما يشوف) المونوب المفيد ومريح) neat and tidy المختصر المفيد (بشكل واضح وصريح) short and sweet المختصر المفيد (بشكل مختصر ومفيد) bits and pieces الفتات – القطع والأشياء البسيطة الصغيرة Meaning الممالة) حياة أو موت – خطير أو مهم جداً المسألة) حياة أو موت – خطير أو مهم جداً الن عاجلاً أو آجلاً – الآن أو فيما بعد إما المعدد ال					
➤ again and again مراراً وتكراراً (أكثر من مرة) ➤ trial and error المحاولة والخطأ ➤ live and learn اللي يعيش أكثر (اللي يعيش يا ما يشوف) ➤ neat and tidy iday ➤ loud and clear (بشكل واضح وصريح) ➤ short and sweet (بشكل مختصر ومفيد) ► bits and pieces Word Pairs ➤ rain or shine Meaning ➤ life or death (هسألة) حياة أو موت – خطير أو مهم جداً ➤ sooner or later إن عاجلاً أو آجلاً – الآن أو فيما بعد			7		
▶ trial and error المحاولة والخطأ ♦ live and learn اللي يعيش أكثر يتعلم أكثر (اللي يعيش يا ما يشوف) ♦ neat and tidy idd eoc					
✓ live and learn (اللي يعيش أكثر يتعلم أكثر (اللي يعيش يا ما يشوف) ✓ neat and tidy idam ✓ loud and clear (بشكل واضح وصريح) ✓ short and sweet (بشكل مختصر ومفيد) ✓ bits and pieces bits and pieces ✓ word Pairs Meaning ✓ rain or shine (في جميع الأحوال) ✓ life or death (مسألة) حياة أو موت – خطير أو مهم جداً ✓ sooner or later إن عاجلاً أو آجلاً – الآن أو فيما بعد					
 ➢ neat and tidy ➢ loud and clear ➢ short and sweet ➢ short and sweet ➢ bits and pieces ➢ bits and pieces ➢ Word Pairs ➢ rain or shine ➢ rain or death ➢ life or death ➢ sooner or later 			5 5		
➤ loud <u>and</u> clear			' '		
▶ short and sweet (بشکل مختصر ومفید) ▶ bits and pieces الفتات – القطع والأشياء البسيطة الصغيرة Word Pairs Meaning ▶ rain or shine (في جميع الأحوال) ▶ life or death (مسألة) حياة أو موت – خطير أو مهم جداً ▶ sooner or later إن عاجلاً أو آجلاً – الآن أو فيما بعد					
bits <u>and pieces</u> Word Pairs Word Pairs Neaning rain <u>or</u> shine مهما كانت الظروف (في جميع الأحوال) الأو <u>or</u> death sooner <u>or</u> later bits <u>and pieces</u> Word Pairs Meaning Meaning Apanal Meaning Neaning Apanal Meaning Apanal Meani					
Word Pairs Meaning ▶ rain or shine (في جميع الأحوال) ▶ life or death اسالة) حياة أو موت – خطير أو مهم جداً ▶ sooner or later ان عاجلاً أو آجلاً – الآن أو فيما بعد					
¬ rain <u>or</u> shine مهما كانت الظروف (في جميع الأحوال) → life <u>or</u> death مهما كانت الظروف (في جميع الأحوال) → sooner <u>or</u> later معاللة) حياة أو آجلاً – الآن أو فيما بعد					
(مسألة) حياة أو موت – خطير أو مهم جداً (مسألة) حياة أو موت – خطير أو مهم جداً إن عاجلاً أو آجلاً – الآن أو فيما بعد			9		
> sooner <u>or</u> later إن عاجلاً أو آجلاً – الآن أو فيما بعد					
1 :	➤ dead <u>or</u> alive		حياً أو ميتاً		

1. New facts have recently come	after many investigations.
Which of the following BEST fits the a	ibove gap?
of age to light to term into effect Fill in the gaps with words from the list below	ow: (There is one extra word.)
imprope	r / inedible / commit / wisdom
My father has gained a lot of great	over the years.
Fill in the gaps with words from the list belo	ow: (There is one extra word.)
misleadin	g / serving / carbon / leadership
1. Our manager has some excellent	skills.
Fill in the gaps with suitable prepositions.	
1. The work has finally come an end	l.
Fill in the gaps with affixes from the list bel	ow: (There is 2 extra affixes).
mis_	/ dis /less /ship
There is no success without hard	and sacrifices.
الروابط	Conjunctions القاعدة
Both Neitheror Eitherorbut also Whetheror/or not	
Bothandbut <u>neither</u> ofbut <u>none</u> of	
 We can buy both the sofa and the bo We can buy either the sofa or the bo 	

- 3. We can buy neither the sofa nor the bookcase because we can't afford them.
- 4. We can buy not only the sofa but also the bookcase.
- 5. We're not sure whether we want to buy the sofa or the bookcase.

Worksheets

Choose:

1. Both	n Hamad and Sami fini	shed their studies, but	of them has	found a job yet.	
	a. whether	b. not only	c. either	d. neither	
2. All of his friends called him after the accident, butof them visited him.					
	a. whether	b. none	c. either	d. neither	
1. You	ı can	_present your project tod	ay or delay it	until tomorrow.	
Whic	h of the following E	BEST fits the above gap?			
	both				
	none either				
	neither				
2. Ali	invited all of his cla	ssmates to his party, but		of them came.	
Whic	h of the following E	BEST fits the above gap?			
	none				
	both				
	either				
	neither				
2. 1/.				1	
3. YOU	u can take	a taxi or a bus to ge	t to work.		
Whic	h of the following E	BEST fits the above gap?			
	both				
	none				
	either				
	neither				
Rewrite the following sentence using the words given.					
1. Sale	m didn't attend the le	cture. Nasser didn't attend the	e lecture.	(neithernor)	
2. The	y want to buy a car. Th	ey want to buy a motorbike, t	00.	(not only)	

Worksheets

المتوقع بإذن الله 2024

1. Dor	n't throw this box away. It might come				
Which of the following BEST fits the above gap?					
	of age to light in handy into effect must come the fact that you are jobless now.				
	n of the following BEST fits the above gap?				
	first in handy into effect to terms with				
3. Her	family's welfare will always come for her.				
Which	n of the following BEST fits the above gap?				
	first in handy into effect to terms with				
4. My	parents came during the 1960s.				
Which	of the following BEST fits the above gap?				
	of age to light in handy to an end				
5. The first thing that comes when I see Osama is how fit he is.					
Which of the following BEST fits the above gap?					
	of age in handy to my mind to terms with				

1	Ali nor Ahmed came to the party	yesterday.
Whic	h of the following BEST fits the above gap?	
2	Both None Either Neither did I lock the door but I also closed the vertex that the following BEST fits the above gap? Both Neither Whether Not only	vindows.
	ither the students nor the teacher in the classr	oom yesterday. They had a
Whic	h of the following BEST fits the above gap?	
	is are was were	
<u>Rewri</u>	te the following sentence using the words given.	
1. Sale	em doesn't speak French. Nasser doesn't speak French.	(neithernor)
2. Om	ar eats fish. Ali eats fish too.	(Bothand)
3. You	can drink tea. You can drink coffee.	(eitheror)
4. He	changed his job and got married.	(not only)

Worksheets

Fill in the gaps with words from the list below: (There is one extra word.)

More practice

	irrelevant/ k	oreaking / membership / soil	
1. I think I forgot my		card. How can I enter the club?!!	
2. This sentence is		to the topic. It doesn't match.	
3. He was charged for		the law several times.	
Fill in the gaps with word	ds from the list below:	: (There is one extra word.)	
	inaccurate / inr	nocent / neighborhood / change	
1-There were lots of kids	in my	where I grew up.	•
2- Her lawyer believes th	at she will be found	of the crime.	
3- Your information is		. I was born in 1956, not 1965.	
Fill in the gaps with word	ds from the list below:	: (There is one extra word.)	
	·	brought / impossible / boredom	
1-She varies her workout		·	ı
2- I think you	the cha	irs. There are 10 people with no seats.	
3- The criminal was	to	justice after committing three murders	S.
Fill in the gaps with word	ds from the list below:	: (There is one extra word.)	
	illegible / a	fine/ friendship / boredom	
1-His writing is almost		We can't understand anything.	
2- Yesterday, I received a	message to pay	for breaking a traffic sig	gnal.
3- I value his		_ above anything else.	
Fill in the gaps with suita	ble PREPOSITIONS.	حروف الجر	
1. The hotel guests tried	their best to escape	the burning building.	
2. The security guard bla	med the woman	leaving her children unattende	d.
3. The government plans	to knock some old bu	ildings down and replace them	a hotel complex.
4. My father will invest m	nore than QR 700.000	the new factory.	
5. The car salesman trick	ed the customer	buying this car.	

6. Before the exam, the students	centerea	the last chapters of the b	OOK.
7.We can't solve our financial pro	blems without find	ing what factors contribute	their existence.
8.Unfortunately, many people ha	ve fallen victim	internet scams and ever	n lost their life savings.
9.Kate knew she was being tricke	d her col	leagues, but she decided to pla	y along with the joke.
10.The tourist realized that he wa	is being ripped	, so he angrily left the	shop.
11. Mr. Hamad tried to mislead t	ne police	believing that he was some	one else, but in the end,
he was caught.			
12.Tony likes playing jokes	his friends, but he	doesn't like it when they do th	e same to him.
13.They tricked the investors	their money	by pretending they owned a co	mpany.
Fill in the gaps with affixes from	the list below: (The	ere are 2 extra affixes).	
	mis / dis ,	/ under /less	
1. The surfer felt totally defense	as the sl	nark approached him in the wa	ter.
2. This advertisement is totally	leading what	t it states is not true.	
Fill in the gaps with affixes from	the list below: (The	ere are 2 extra affixes).	
	mis / dis	_ / under /less	
1. Some people like to eat	cooked food. T	hey don't like it well done.	
2. Wait till I connect the mad	chine from the pow	er supply before you start repa	iring it.
Fill in the gaps with affixes from	the list below: (The	ere are 2 extra affixes).	
	mis / dis_	_ / under/less	
1. The buildercalculated	how many tiles are	e needed for the kitchen floor,	and now we don't have
enough!			
2. The new eye cream promised f	law skin ar	ound the eyes.	
Fill in the gaps with affixes from	the list below: (The	ere are 2 extra affixes).	
	mis / dis	/hood/ship	
1. The airline told Ali that people	withabilit	y are given seats at the front of	f the plane.
2. It is said that child is the	best stage of our lif	e.	
	عاء	نسألكم الد ومع دعائي لكم بالتو	
	فيق والبيداد	ومع دعائے لکم بالتو	